

This busstop® station takes in up to sixteen discrete three-wire inputs or eight discrete four-wire input points per node. There are two inputs per connectorone on pin four and one on pin two. Each input automatically detects a sourcing (PNP) or sinking (NPN) open-collector signal. Any combination of NPN and PNP devices may be used.

Each input produces six bits of data- two input state bits, two short-circuit status bits and two open-circuit status bits. The state bit is set when the discrete input device closes. The LED at each input point indicates its status. Each input pair is monitored for short-circuits and open circuits. Open circuit detection is enabled using a software configuration tool. The status bits automatically reset when the fault is removed.

The node address and communication rate can be set by the rotary switches located under the device cover or through software node commissioning. The unit automatically detects the communication rate.

The FDNL-L1600-T-V supports explicit messaging, poll, change of state, and cyclic I/O messages. These connections are established through UCMM or predefined master/slave connection set.

## FDNL-L1600-T-V

- Advanced DeviceNet<sup>™</sup> Station
- 8 x 2 discrete inputs

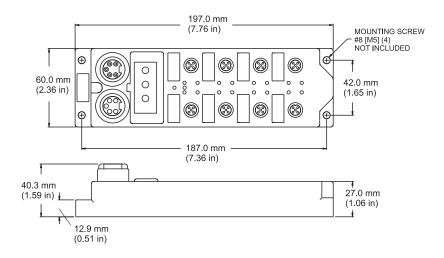
### **Applications**

- For high density applications
- For use with eight four-wire sensors or sixteen three-wire sensors through input splitters

### Features

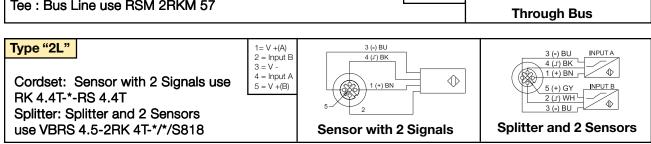
- PNP/NPN short-circuit protected inputs with open-circuit protection
- Glass filled nylon housing with stainless steel connectors
- Rotary Address Switches

## **Dimensions**



### Connectors





# **Module Specifications**

## FDNL-L1600-T 16 NPN/PNP Input, Per Point Diagnostic

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Supply voltage					
Bus power	11-26 VDC				
Internal current consumption	140 mA plus sum of sensor currents (from bus power)				
Input Circuits	(16) PNP or NPN 3-wire sensors or dry contacts				
Input voltage (V+)	11-26 VDC (from bus power)				
Open circuit current (V+)	< 1mA				
Sensor current (V+)	<80 mA per input, short-circuit protected				
Input signal current (Input)	OFF <2mA				
	ON 3.0-3.4 mA at 24VDC				
Maximum switching frequency	100 Hz				
I/O LED Indications					
	Amber=Open-circuit				
	Off=Off				

## Module Status LED

Green: working properly

Green=On Red=Short-circuit

Flashing green: detecting autobaud rate

Flashing red: I/O short-circuit

### **Network Status LED**

Green: established connection Flashing Green: ready for connection Flashing red: connection time-out Red: connection not possible

### Adjustments via Rotary Switch

Address 0-63

Communication Rate Auto/125k/250k/500k

## Housing

Material glass filled nylon with stainless steel connectors

Enclosure NEMA 1,3,4,12,13 and IEC IP 67
Operating temperature -25° to 70°C (-13° to 158°F)

I/O Data Mapping

Input Data	Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
	0	I-7	I-6	I-5	1-4	I-3	I-2	I-1	1-0
	1	I-15	I-14	I-13	I-12	I-11	I-10	I-9	I-8
	2	ISS-7	ISS-6	ISS-5	ISS-4	ISS-3	ISS-2	ISS-1	ISS-0
	3	ISS-15	ISS-14	ISS-13	ISS-12	ISS-11	ISS-10	ISS-9	ISS-8
	4	IOS-7	IOS-6	IOS-5	IOS-4	IOS-3	IOS-2	IOS-1	IOS-0
	5	IOS-15	IOS-14	IOS-13	IOS-12	IOS-11	IOS-10	IOS-9	IOS-8

### Abbreviations

I = Input Data (0=OFF, 1=ON) O = Output Data (0=OFF, 1=ON)

 $ISS = Input \ Short \ Status \ (0=Working, \ 1=Fault) \\ OS = Output \ Status \ (0=Working, \ 1=Fault)$ 

 ${\sf IOS} = {\sf Input} \ {\sf Open} \ {\sf Status} \ (0 = {\sf Working}, \ 1 = {\sf Fault}) \quad {\sf OGS} \ = \ {\sf Output} \ {\sf Group} \ {\sf Status} \ (0 = {\sf Working}, \ 1 = {\sf Fault})$ 

IGS = Input Group Status (0=Working, 1=Fault) APS = Aux Power Status (0=OFF, 1=ON)